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Based on the Classical "Basic Principles of Marxism" Class Teaching and Learning

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Abstract

Under the current circumstances, China's higher education is undergoing constant innovation. In higher education, the basic principles of Marxism play an extremely important role and have a significant impact on teaching in China's higher education system. The basic principles of Marxism represent a significant advancement in the history of human thought. These principles have been tested and proven true through practical application, making them the guiding ideology and code of action for the Party. In recent years, as China has pursued its modernization drive and comprehensively deepened its reform efforts, there has been a continuous deepening of understanding of the fundamental principles of Marxism. This has led to a more profound application and development of Marxism in the theoretical system of socialism with Chinese characteristics. As one of the core courses in higher education, the teaching of the Basic Principles of Marxism holds significant practical significance and developmental value. However, there are still some problems and challenges in teaching practice, such as the simplicity of traditional teaching methods, the changing ideologies of students, and the professional development of teachers. Ensuring that colleges and universities can continuously optimize the teaching process of the basic principles of Marxism is also of great significance to modern teaching in China. Therefore, this paper aims to elaborate on and analyze the basic principles of Marxism. It discusses the teaching methods and strategies related to the basic principles of Marxism in order to provide references and guidance for higher education teaching. The goal is to promote understanding and application of the basic principles of Marxism among students and to foster the inheritance and development of these principles.

Keywords

Based on the classics, the basic principles of Marxism, course teaching

Introduction

Marxism is an important part of modern social science, which has a profound influence on promoting the development of human society. Under the background of globalization, informatization, and diversification, the teaching and research of the basic principles of Marxism are facing new challenges and opportunities. In China, the basic principles of Marxism are an important part of the theoretical system of socialism with Chinese characteristics and one of the important courses in higher education. With the continuous progress of China's modernization drive and the comprehensive deepening of reform, the application and development of the basic principles of Marxism in China are becoming increasingly important. However, the problems and challenges existing in the teaching of the basic principles of Marxism can not be ignored, such as the singleness of teaching content, the outdated teaching methods, and the change of students' ideology. Therefore,

the in-depth study and discussion of the basic principles of Marxism will help to better promote the inheritance and development of the basic principles of Marxism, improve the quality and effect of the basic principles of Marxism, and provide more solid theoretical support for China's modernization and comprehensive deepening of reform (Zou Lin, 2020).

1. The connotation of the basic principles of Marxism

The core theory of Marxism encompasses the fundamental principles of Marxism. Its connotation is a rich and diverse system, encompassing philosophy, political economy, sociology, history, natural science, literature, art, and other fields. The connotation of the fundamental principles of Marxism can be summarized in the following aspects. First, historical materialism. Historical materialism is the cornerstone of the fundamental principles of Marxism. It emphasizes that the essence of human historical development lies in the development of material production relations. The progression of history is inevitable, driven by the advancement of material forces and the perpetuation of class struggle. The second theory is the theory of class struggle (Li Xin, 2018). Class struggle refers to the contradictions and conflicts that arise from class differences in social production. Marxism holds that class struggle is the fundamental driving force behind human social development and historical progress. Third, socialist theory and communist ideals. Socialism is a social system established under the leadership of the working class, with the goal of eliminating class and exploitation, and achieving the freedom, equality, and happiness of the people. Communism is a higher-level of social system that is built on the foundation of socialism. It aims to achieve public ownership of the means of production, as well as individual freedom, equality, and shared prosperity. Fourth, scientific methodology and practical perspectives. Marxism emphasizes the importance of taking practice as the test of truth and has developed a scientific methodology known as materialist dialectics.

2. The role of the basic principles of Marxism in contemporary education

2.1 Cultivate students' ideological consciousness

The basic principle of Marxism is an ideological system that emphasizes practice, class struggle, and the power of the masses. It helps students develop a correct worldview, outlook on life, and values, and enhances their ideological consciousness and cultural attainment.

2.2 Promote students' innovation ability

The basic principle of Marxism is an innovative thought that emphasizes the close combination of theory and practice. It provides high inspiration and encourages innovation, stimulating students' thinking and fostering their ability to innovate and apply knowledge practically.

2.3 Strengthen students' sense of social responsibility

The basic principles of Marxism emphasize that the essence of society is the development of class struggle and history, which helps students to understand the nature and law of society, enhance their concern and sense of responsibility for social problems, and cultivate students' civic consciousness and social responsibility.

2.4 Improve students' thinking ability

The basic principles of Marxism are a systematic ideological system, involving philosophy, political economy, sociology, history, natural science, literature and art, and other fields, which helps students to form a comprehensive and systematic way of thinking, and improve their thinking ability and comprehensive analysis ability.

2.5 Promote the reform and innovation of school education

The education and research of the basic principles of Marxism are of important practical significance and development value, which is conducive to promoting the reform and innovation of school education, strengthening the connection between education and practice, and improving the quality and effect of education.

3. Based on the classical Marxist basic principles of the teaching strategy

3.1 Highlight the ideological connotation

First, we need to strengthen our philosophical thinking. The core of Marxist philosophy consists of fundamental

principles such as historical materialism, dialectics, and practical theory. Teaching should pay attention to explaining the connotation and interconnection of these philosophical thoughts and helping students to deeply understand the fundamental ideas and methodology of Marxism. Second, focus on political economy. Political economy is an important field that encompasses the fundamental principles of Marxism, such as the theory of surplus value, the proletarian revolution, and socialist construction. Teaching should focus on the theoretical framework and fundamental principles of political economy, and assist students in comprehending and proficiently applying the relevant concepts and theories. Third, we need to strengthen sociology and history. Sociology and history are two other important fields that are based on the fundamental principles of Marxism. Sociology focuses on the laws of the social system, while history emphasizes the study of historical development. Teaching should enhance the explanation of these two disciplines in order to assist students in comprehending the process of societal and historical evolution, as well as the fundamental principles governing human social development. Connect natural science with literature and art. The basic principles of Marxism emphasize the development and role of natural science, literature, and art. These two fields are also closely related to social, economic, political, and other fields. Teaching should be properly connected with natural science, literature, and art to help students understand the contribution and role of these two fields in relation to the basic principles of Marxism.

3.2 Strengthening historical evolution

First, let's analyze the historical background of the fundamental principles of Marxism. The basic principles of Marxism are developed within a specific historical context. Understanding these historical backgrounds can help students better comprehend the connotation and significance of the fundamental principles of Marxism. By introducing the social and political environment of 19th century Europe and the philosophical trends of thought, students can gain an understanding of the historical background that shaped the basic principles of Marxism. Second, to explore the historical evolution of the fundamental principles of Marxism. The basic principles of Marxism have developed and evolved throughout history. Understanding these historical evolutions can help students better comprehend the development and evolution of the fundamental principles of Marxism. Teaching can help students understand the historical evolution of the theory and practice of the fundamental principles of Marxism. Third, highlight the historical and practical significance of Chinese Marxism. Chinese Marxism is produced and developed in the context of China's revolution and construction. Its historical and practical significance is immense, not only for the development of China but also for the entire world. By introducing the historical and practical significance of Chinese Marxism, students can gain an understanding of the formation and development of the path of socialism with Chinese characteristics. This will further deepen their comprehension of the fundamental principles of Marxism (Li Daming, 2020).

3.3 Emphasize the practical application

First, it is important to emphasize that practice is at the core of the fundamental principles of Marxism. The fundamental tenets of Marxism emphasize that truth can only be tested through practice, and education should prioritize the understanding that practice is at the core of these principles. Through the analysis of concepts, characteristics, and types of practice, students can gain a deeper understanding of the practicality and realism of the fundamental principles of Marxism. Second, to explain the practical application of the fundamental principles of Marxism. The basic principles of Marxism are established to guide practice, and teaching should focus on explaining the application of these principles in various fields. For example, the surplus value theory and the proletarian revolution in the economic field, as well as the mass line and the people's nature in the field of literature and art, help students understand the application and practical significance of the fundamental principles of Marxism in practice. Third, guide students to apply the fundamental principles of Marxism in order to address practical issues. Teaching should guide students in analyzing and solving practical problems by learning the fundamental principles of Marxism and applying its basic ideas and methods. For example, in practice, we should analyze social contradictions and class struggle, explore the path of socialist construction and development, and assist students in understanding and mastering the fundamental principles of Marxism by solving practical problems. Fourth, establish a practical teaching platform. Teaching should establish a practical learning platform, which may include practical courses, experimental courses, social practice, innovation, and entrepreneurship. This approach allows students to actively engage in practical activities, apply theoretical knowledge to real-life situations, and enhance their practical skills and innovative mindset (Zhang Fan, 2018).

3.4 Establish a discussion platform

First, set up group discussions. Teaching should incorporate group discussions, allowing students to communicate and engage in discussions with their peers. This allows them to discuss classroom content and relevant topics. Through group

discussions, students' critical thinking and innovation abilities can be enhanced. Additionally, group discussions promote interaction and communication among students. Second, establish a network discussion platform. Teaching should establish a network discussion platform, such as forums or WeChat groups, so that students can engage in online discussions and communicate effectively. Through the online discussion platform, students can overcome the limitations of time and location, making it more convenient for them to participate in academic exchanges and discussions. Third, establish a case analysis and discussion. Teaching should incorporate case analysis and discussion. By analyzing specific cases, students can engage in discussions and study the practical application of the fundamental principles of Marxism (Zhou Aiguo, 2013). Case analysis and discussion can enable students to further understand and master the fundamental principles of Marxism, as well as deepen their comprehension of practical issues. Fourth, establish thematic research and discussions. Teaching should aim to foster thematic research and discussion by selecting a specific topic and encouraging students to engage in-depth study and discussion of relevant issues. Special research and discussions can enable students to gain a deeper understanding and mastery of the fundamental principles of Marxism. This, in turn, helps cultivate students' comprehensive abilities and innovative spirit (Zhang Fan, 2021).

4. Conclusion

The basic principle of Marxism serves as a guiding and theoretical foundation for contemporary individuals to comprehend and reshape the world. Its teachings play a significant role in today's university education. Based on the classical teachings of Marxism, it is important to focus on the development of ideological connotation, historical evolution, practical application, and discussion platforms. This will enhance students' comprehension and grasp of the fundamental principles of Marxism. At the same time, we should also focus on innovating and improving teaching methods. This can be achieved by utilizing various teaching tools and techniques to stimulate students' interest and enthusiasm. Additionally, it is important to enhance students' critical thinking skills and foster their innovative spirit (Whitebook, M., Sakai, L., Gerber, E., & Howes, C., 2017). We believe that continuous exploration and innovation in teaching the fundamental principles of Marxism, based on the classics, will lead to improvement and make positive contributions to the training of well-rounded socialist builders and successors, who possess moral, intellectual, physical, and aesthetic development.

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